



ceum annan

Cùrsa do luchd-ionnsachaidh
na Gàidhlig san àrd-sgoil

Gaelic learners' course for
secondary schools

EMMA CHRISTIE

Ceumannan 2

le Emma Christie

Cùrsa do luchd-ionnsachaidh
na Gàidhlig san àrd-sgoil



Stòrlann
Nàiseanta na Gàidhlig



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Ceumannan 2

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Ceumannan 2

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Different jobs

Where people work

What they do at work

Say what people do/will be doing

Say that you will go somewhere

Dè an obair a th' agad?

Cànan:

Prepositional pronouns: 'S e ...
a th' annam/a th' annad...

Future tense of the verb 'to be'

Future tense of the verb 'to go'



In Ceumannan 1, you learned to talk about jobs and where people work. That vocabulary will be useful to you again in this unit. You may need to have a look back over Modal 5 Aonad 1.



Sùil air ais 1a A bheil cuimhn' agad?



- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- Tha còig mionaidean agad.
- Sgrìobh faclan mu obair.
- Dèan craobh cuimhne.
- Cia mheud facal a th' agad?

Work with a partner. Write all the words and phrases you can remember on the topic of jobs. Your teacher may set a stopwatch for five minutes. If it helps, make a memory tree.



Sùil air ais 1b Deuchainn bheag

- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.

Work with a partner/group. Can you remember how to say:

Where do you work? He is a mechanic.
 I work in an office. She is a doctor.
 What job do you have? Are you a crofter?
 I am a policeman.



2. 'S e meacanaig a th' annam

- Èist ris na daoine. (Earrann 1)
- Dè an obair a th' aca?

Listen to these people. What jobs do they have?

	Ainm/Name	Obair/Work
a.	Helen MacArthur	
b.	Lynsey Campbell	
c.	Andrew MacDonald	
d.	Shona Robertson	
e.	Dolina MacPhee	



3. Tha mi ag obair ann an ospadal

- Leugh mu na daoine seo.
- Dè an obair a th' aca?
- Càit a bheil iad ag obair?
- Ceangail na daoine ri àite-obrach.

Read about these people. Match each job to a place of work.

1. 'S e dotair a th' annam.



2. 'S e rùnaire a th' annam.



3. 'S e dràibhear a th' annam.



4. 'S e croitear a th' annam.



5. 'S e iasgair a th' annam.



6. 'S e ministear a th' annam.



7. 'S e tidsear a th' annam.



a. Tha mi ag obair air bàta.

b. Tha mi ag obair air croit.

c. Tha mi ag obair ann an eaglais.

d. Tha mi ag obair air an rathad.

e. Tha mi ag obair ann an àrd-sgoil.

f. Tha mi ag obair ann an oifis.

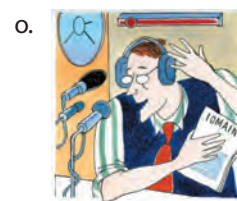
g. Tha mi ag obair ann an ospadal.



4. 'S e post a th' annam

- Èist ris na daoine. (Earrann 2)
- Tha iad a' bruidhinn mu obair.
- Coimhead air na dealbhan gu h-ìseal.

Listen to these people saying what jobs they do. Look at the pictures below while you listen. Try to work out which job each person has.



Dè an obair a th' agad?

post



seinneadair



bèicear



saor



cleasaiche



bancair



peantair



clachair



craoladair



bùidsear



neach-lagha



manaidsear



neach-frithealaidh



gruagaire



sagart



saighdear





5. Dè an obair a th' agaibh?

- Èist ris an earrainn. (Earrann 3)
- Tha Sìne a' dèanamh rannsachadh mu obair.
- Tha i a' bruidhinn ri daoine.
- Dè an obair a th' aca?

Jane is doing a survey to find out what jobs people do in her area. Listen to her talking to different people. What jobs do they have?

	Obair/Work
a.	
b.	
c.	
d.	
e.	
f.	
g.	



6. 'S e peantair a th' annam

- Leugh na seantansan Gàidhlig.
- Tha daoine a' bruidhinn air obair.
- Sgrìobh na seantansan ann am Beurla.

Read the Gaelic sentences below. People are talking about work. Write the sentences in English.



1. Is mise Catrìona NicIlliosa. 'S e gruagaire a th' annam. Tha mi ag obair ann am bùth ann an Dùn Dèagh.
2. Hai! Seumas MacIllEathain an seo. 'S e saor a th' annam. Tha mi ag obair ann an Leòdhas agus anns na Hearadh. Is toigh leam an obair.
3. Is mise Màrtainn Moireach. 'S e neach-lagha a th' annam. Tha mi a' fuireach ann an Obar Dheathain agus tha oifis mhòr agam ann am meadhan a' bhaile.
4. Hallò. Is mise Ealasaid Nic an Tòisich. 'S e craoladair a th' annam air BBC Alba.
5. Is mise Iain Caimbeul. 'S e saighdear a th' annam agus tha mi ag obair ann am Beinn na Fadhlà an-dràsta.
6. Hallò. Is mise Cailean MacPhàrlain. 'S e bèicear a th' annam. Gabhaibh mo leisgeul! Tha mi trang a' dèanamh cèic seòclaid.
7. Madainn mhath. Is mise Daibhidh MacDhòmhnaill. 'S e clachair a th' annam. An-diugh, tha mi ag obair air taigh ann an Sruighlea.
8. Feasgar math. Is mise Ailean MacNèill. 'S e seinneadair a th' annam agus tha mi a' seinn aig consairt ann an Glaschu a-nochd.



7. 'S e craoladair a th' innte

- Èist ris an earrainn. (Earrann 4)
- Tha Mòrag a' bruidhinn mu obair dhaoine.
- A bheil na daoine boireann no fireann?

Listen to the extract. Morag is speaking about other people's jobs. Are the people being talked about female or male?

	boireann/female 	fireann/male 
a.		
b.		
c.		
d.		
e.		
f.		
g.		
h.		



8. Fireann no boireann?

- Coimhead air na dealbhan.
- Dè an obair a th' aig na daoine?
- A bheil iad boireann no fireann?
- Cuir seantans ri dealbh.
- Tha faclan feumail sa bhogsa.
- Chaidh eisimpleir a dhèanamh dhut.

Look at the pictures below. What jobs do the people do? Are they male or female? Write a sentence for each picture. There are useful words in the box. An example has been done for you.



'S e nurs a th' innte.



'S e dotair a th' ann.



Faclan feumail

seinneadair	singer
cleasaiche	actor
gruagaire	hairdresser
bùidsear	butcher
neach-lagha	lawyer
manaidsear	manager
craoladair	broadcaster
saor	joiner
saighdear	soldier
neach-frithealaidh	waiter



9. Niall, am bùidsear

- Èist ri Niall. (Earrann 5)
- Tha e a' bruidhinn mu charaidean agus a theaghlach.
- Dè an obair a th' aca?
- Càit a bheil iad ag obair?
- Cuir crìoch air na seantansan.

Listen to Neil talking about his family and friends.
What jobs do they do? Where do they work?
Complete the sentences.



- Neil is _____ years old and lives in _____. He is a _____ and works in a _____. He likes his _____ and _____ likes where he lives.
- Neil's _____ Kirsty is a _____, living in _____. She works in a _____ office in the centre of _____.
- Neil's _____ is a _____ teacher. He works in a _____.
- Donalda is Neil's _____. She works in a _____ station. She is a _____.
- Neil has _____ brothers. His older brother works in Stornoway as a _____ and his younger brother works in a _____ in Aberdeen. He is a _____.

ceum cànaìn: language step

In some of the listening exercises in this unit, you will notice that the word **Bidh** is used sometimes instead of **Tha**. When people talk about something that they do regularly, like a job, they often use **Bidh** instead of **Tha**.

Mar eisimpleir:

Bidh mi ag obair ann am bùth. I work in a shop.
Bidh mi ag obair a h-uile Disathairne. I work every Saturday.

As well as discussing something that happens regularly, **bidh** can also be used when you want to talk about things happening in the future.

Bidh mi trang a-màireach. I will be busy tomorrow.
Bidh mi a' dol gu partaidh a-nochd. I will be going to a party tonight.

Bidh, like **Tha** is part of the verb to be.

Am bi...?

Bidh...

Cha bhi...

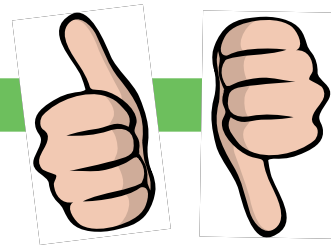
Mar eisimpleir:

Am bi d' athair ag obair aig an taigh? Does your dad work at home?
Bidh Iain a' cluich iomain a-nochd. John will be playing shinty tonight.
Cha bhi mi ag obair a-màireach. I will not be working tomorrow.



10a. Am bi thu...?

- Èist ris na daoine seo. (Earrann 6)
- A bheil iad ag ràdh 'Bidh' no 'Cha bhi'?
- Sgrìobh ✓ or ✗.
- Chaidh eisimpleir a dhèanamh dhut.



Listen to these people answering questions. Are they answering yes or no? Write ✓ or ✗. An example has been done for you.

- | | |
|------|----|
| a. ✗ | d. |
| b. | e. |
| c. | f. |

10b. Cha toigh le Anna dannsaichean

- Èist ris an earrainn a-rithist. (Earrann 6)
- Leugh na seantansan gu h-iseal.
- A bheil iad ceart no cèarr?

Listen again. Look at the statements below. Are these statements true or false? Mark with ✓ or ✗.

- | | |
|---|--|
| a. Gordon will not be singing at the cèilidh tonight. | e. George won't be playing football on Tuesday. |
| b. Thomas gets up at six o'clock in the morning. | f. Kenneth says that George is good at football. |
| c. Joan is a waitress in a café. | g. Catherine likes toast and porridge for breakfast. |
| d. Anna doesn't like dances. | |



11. Thèid mi dhan bhaile

- Èist ris an earrainn. (Earrann 7)
- Dè tha Seumas a' dèanamh Disathairne?

Listen to James saying what he will do on Saturday.



ceum cànan: language step

To say that you will go somewhere, you say: **Thèid mi...**

Mar eisimpleir:

Thèid mi dhan bhanca.

Notice that the word **dhan** (to the) can sometimes change the sound and spelling of the following word, depending on what letter it begins with.

Mar eisimpleir:

Thèid mi... I go/I will go...

dhan bhanca to the bank

dhan bhaile to the town/village

dhan chlub-òigridh to the youth club

dhan phàirc to the park

dhan cholaiste to (the) college

dhan fhactaraidh to the factory

dhan gharaidh to the garage

When you add an **h** like this, it is called lenition. You learned about lenition in **Ceumannan 1. A bheil cuimhn' agad?**

After the word **dhan**, words that begin with **vowels, d, l, n, r, s+vowel, sg, sn, sm, st,** and **t** don't change.

dhan dotair to the doctor

dhan leabharlann to the library

dhan oifis to the office

dhan stèisean to the station

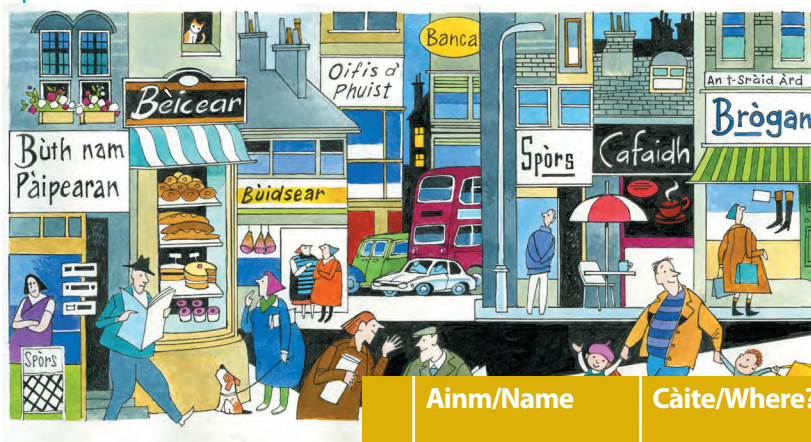
dhan taigh-dhealbh to the cinema



12a. Thèid mi dhan bhanca an-diugh 1

- Èist ris an earrainn. (Earrann 8)
- Càit an tèid na daoine?
- Cuin a thèid iad ann?
- Lìon na beàrnan.
- Chaidh eisimpleir a dhèanamh dhut.

Listen to the extract. Where will each person go? When will they go there? Complete the table. An example has been done for you.



	Ainm/Name	Càite/Where?	Cuin/When?
a.	Flora	Hospital	Today
b.			
c.			
d.			
e.			
f.			
g.			



12b. Thèid mi dhan bhanca an-diugh 2

- Èist ris an earrainn a-rithist. (Earrann 8)
- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- A bheil fiosrachadh eile ann?

Work with a partner. Listen again. Did you hear any extra information about each person? Your teacher may give you bonus points.

Ceum eile

To find out if someone will be going somewhere, you ask:

An tèid thu/sibh...? Will you go...?

An tèid sibh dhan oifis an-diugh? Will you go to the office today?

To say that someone is not going somewhere:

Cha tèid mi dhan oifis an-diugh. I won't go to the office today.

To answer yes/no, you say:

Thèid or **Cha tèid**

Look out for **An tèid...?** and **Cha tèid** in Modal 2 Ceum a bharrachd.



13. Bidh latha trang aig Dolaidh

- Seo planair Dolaidh.
- Bidh i trang an-diugh.
- Càit an tèid i?
- Cuin?
- Cuir na planaichean anns an òrdugh cheart.
- Sgrìobh ann am Beurla.

Read Dolly's diary. She'll be busy today. Where will she be going? When? Put her plans in the correct order. Write the plans in English.

Thèid mi dhachaigh air a' bhus aig sia uairean feasgar. Bidh am bus trang.

Thèid mi dhan fhiacclair aig cairteal gu aon uair deug. Tha an t-eagal orm.

Thèid mi dhan taigh-bidh aig leth-uair an dèidh seachd feasgar. Is toigh leam biadh blasta.

Thèid mi dhan sgoil aig naoi uairean. Tha Beurla agam aig deich mionaidean an dèidh naoi.

Thèid mi dhan bhùth aig fichead mionaid gu còig. Tha mo mhàthair ag iarraidh aran agus bainne.

Thèid mi dhan leabharlann aig deich mionaidean gu ceithir. Is fìor thoigh leam leabhraichean mu cheòl.



14. Seachdain thrang

- Am bi seachdain thrang agad fhèin?
- Càit an tèid thu?
- Cuin?
- Sgrìobh seantans no dhà airson gach latha.

Are you going to have a busy week?

Where will you go? When?

Write a sentence or two for each day.

Diluain 27 An t-Sultain
Thèid mi dhan...
Dimàirt 28 An t-Sultain

15. Dè bhios tu a' dèanamh?

- Èist ris na daoine. (Earrann 9)
- Tha iad a' bruidhinn mu obair.
- Coimhead air na dealbhan.
- Dè bhios iad a' dèanamh san obair aca?

Listen to the people talking about their jobs. Look at the pictures. What do they do in their jobs?

a.



b.



c.



d.



e.



f.





16a. Ag obair còmhla ri clann

- Èist ris na daoine. (Earrann 10)
- Tha iad a’ bruidhinn mu obair.
- Dè tha iad a’ dèanamh san obair aca?
- Cuin a tha iad ag obair?
- Lìon an clàr.

Listen to the people talking about their jobs. What do they do in their jobs? When do they work? Complete the table.

	Ainm/Name	Obair/Job	Ag obair.../working...	A’ tòiseachadh aig.../starts at...	Deiseil aig.../finishes at...
a.	Mary MacKay				
b.					
c.					5pm



16b. Dè eile?

- Èist ris an earrainn a-rithist. (Earrann 10)
- Obraich leat fhèin no còmhla ri caraid.
- Freagair na ceistean.
- Sgrìobh ann am Beurla.

Listen to the extract again. Work on your own or with a partner. Answer the questions. Write your answers in English.

1. In which towns do each of the people work?
2. Why does Mary really like her job?
3. What comment does Paul make about his job?
4. Why does Lorna not enjoy her job?

ceum càinain: language step

To find out what someone does in his/her job, you ask:

Dè bhios tu/sibh a’ dèanamh? What do you do?

To say what you do, you begin with **Bidh mi...** followed by what activities you do.

Here are some examples of what people do:

Bidh mi... I...

ag obair còmhla ri clann work with children

a’ glanadh clean

ag obair le airgead work with money

ag obair a-muigh work outside

a’ còcaireachd cook

a’ frithealadh serve

a’ bruidhinn ri daoine talk to people

a’ dèanamh rudan make things

To find out when someone starts or finishes work, you ask:

Cuin a bhios tu/sibh a’ tòiseachadh? When do you start?

Cuin a bhios tu/sibh deiseil? When do you finish?

To say when you start/finish work:

Bidh mi a’ tòiseachadh aig... I start at...

Bidh mi deiseil aig... I finish at...



17. Bidh mi trang!

- Leugh an t-artagail bhon iris, Sradag.
- Tha deugairean a' bruidhinn mu obair.
- Tagh aon nighean agus aon ghille.
- Freagair na ceistean.

Read the article from the magazine **Sradag**. Teenagers are talking about part-time jobs. Choose 1 boy and 1 girl. Answer the questions about them.

Claire, 14, Àird nam Murchan

Bidh mi ag obair ann an bùth gruagaire a h-uile Disathairne. Tha i uabhasach math. Bidh mi a' glanadh agus a' dèanamh tì agus cofaidh. Is toigh leam an obair. Chan eil an t-airgead math ach tha an obair inntinneach agus is toigh leam daoine. Bidh mi a' faighinn trithead not a h-uile Disathairne.

- Where does Claire live?
- Where does she work?
- Which day does she work?
- What does her job entail?
- Why does Claire like her job?
- How much money does she make each week?



Alasdair, 15, Baile Dhubhthaich

Cha bhi mi ag obair an-dràsta, ach tha mi ag iarraidh obair. Tha mi ag iarraidh airgead. Is toigh leam filmichean agus bidh mi tric a' dol dhan taigh-dhealbh. Tha mi ag iarraidh obair ann an taigh-dhealbh. Bha mi ag obair ann an taigh-bidh ach cha robh e a' còrdadh rium.

- Where does Alasdair live?
- Why does he want a job?
- Where would he like to work?
- Why would he like to work there? Give two reasons.
- Where did Alasdair work?
- Why did he give it up?



Siùsaidh, 16, Inbhir Nis

Bidh mi fhìn ag obair ann an cafaidh a h-uile Disathairne agus uaireannan feasgar Diardaoin. Bidh mi a' frithealadh agus bidh mi cuideachd a' dèanamh beagan còcaireachd. Cha toigh leam an obair. Bidh mi uabhasach trang agus chan eil an t-airgead ro mhath. Bidh mi a' faighinn mu fhichead not a h-uile seachdain.

- Where does Susie live?
- Where does she work?
- When does she work there?
- What does her job entail?
- Name one thing that she doesn't like about her job.
- How much money does Susie get each week?



Dùghlas, 16, Alanais

Bidh mi ag obair ann am bùth-spòrs Disathairne agus Là na Sàbaid. Bidh mi a' tòiseachadh aig naoi uairean sa mhadainn agus bidh mi deiseil aig leth-uair an dèidh còig feasgar. Tha an obair a' còrdadh rium agus tha an t-airgead math. Bidh mi a' faighinn seasgad not a h-uile seachdain.

- Where does Douglas live?
- Where does he work?
- On which days does he work?
- When does he start and finish work?
- Name one good thing about Douglas' job.
- What does he get paid each week?



Bruidhinn

18. Dè an obair a th' agad?

- Dè an obair a tha thu fhèin ag iarraidh?
- Tagh obair.
- Bruidhinn ri do charaid mun obair.
- Leugh am fiosrachadh gu h-ìseal.

What job would you like to do? Choose a job that you would like. Your partner will ask you questions about yourself and your job. Tell your partner about yourself and your job. The following talking frame might help you.

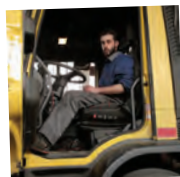


Ceistean

Dè an obair a th' agad?
Càit am bi thu ag obair?
Dè bhios tu a' dèanamh?



Cuin a bhios tu a' tòiseachadh?
Cuin a bhios tu deiseil?
An toigh leat an obair?



A bheil an obair a' còrdadh riut?
Carson?
A bheil an t-airgead math?



Freagairtean

'S e ... a th' annam.
Bidh mi ag obair ann an...
Bidh mi ag obair còmhla ri daoine/
a' dèanamh rudan/ag obair còmhla ri
clann...

Bidh mi a' tòiseachadh aig...
Bidh mi deiseil aig...
Is toigh/cha toigh leam an obair. Tha
i inntinneach. Tha mi ro thrang.

Tha/chan eil an obair a' còrdadh rium.
Airson...
Tha/chan eil an t-airgead math.
Bidh mi a' faighinn ... a h-uile
seachdain.



19a. Cò mi?

- Coimhead air na dealbhan.
- Tagh dealbh.
- Sgrìobh earrann air an fhear/tè anns an dealbh.
- Cleachd am faclair.

Look at the pictures. Choose one person. Write a short passage about him/her, similar to those you have already read. Use your faclair to help you. If you like, you may write as if you are the person in the picture. You should include the following information:

Ainm:

Aois:

Càit a bheil an duine a' fuireach?

Dè an obair a th' aig an duine?

Càit a bheil e/i ag obair?

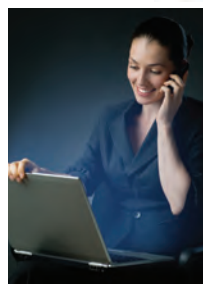
Cuin a tha an obair a' tòiseachadh/deiseil?

Dè tha e/i a' dèanamh a h-uile latha?

A bheil an obair a' còrdadh ris/rithe? Carson?

A bheil an t-airgead math?

Rud sam bith eile?





19b. Dè do bheachd?

- Leugh an obair aig do charaid.
- Dè do bheachd air an obair?

When your partner is finished, read his/her work. You may write a comment on the work. Can you suggest any improvements?

Obair mhath!

Inntinneach

Ro ghoirid



20. Greis-obrach Sheòrais

- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- Leugh an còmhradh no èist ris a' chòmhradh. (Earrann 11)
- Tha Seòras a' falbh air greis-obrach.
- Tha e a' bruidhinn ri tidsear mun obair a tha e ag iarraidh.

With a partner, read the conversation aloud or listen to it. George is going on work experience for a day. He is talking to a teacher about the job he would like.

Tidsear: Madainn mhath, a Sheòrais! Thig a-steach!

Seòras: Madainn mhath, a Mhaighstir Robasdain.

Tidsear: Suidh sìos! Nise, tha thu a' falbh air greis-obrach. Dè an obair a tha thu ag iarraidh?

Seòras: Tha mi ag iarraidh obair air bàta.

Tidsear: Air bàta? A bheil iasgach a' còrdadh riut?

Seòras: Ò, tha. Bidh mi ag iasgach a h-uile Disathairne.

Tidsear: Càit am bi thu a' dol?

Seòras: Bidh mi fhìn agus mo bhràthair mòr a' dol dhan chidhe.

Tidsear: Am bi sibh a' dol a-mach ann am bàta ma-thà?

Seòras: Cha bhi. Chan eil bàta agam.

Tidsear: Hmm. An toigh leat bàtaichean?

Seòras: 'S toigh l'!

George explains to Mr Robertson that he knows a local fisherman who is willing to take him out. Mr Robertson makes the arrangements...

Tidsear: Ceart ma-thà. Bidh thu ag obair air bàta a-màireach. Thèid thu dhan chidhe aig còig uairean sa mhadainn.

Seòras: Còig uairean?

Tidsear: Bidh thu a' tòiseachadh aig còig uairean sa mhadainn. Ceart gu leòr?

Seòras: Glè mhath! Bidh mi ann aig a còig. Cuin a bhios mi deiseil?

Tidsear: Mu shia uairean feasgar.

Seòras: Ceart. Tapadh leibh, a Mhaighstir Robasdain. Bidh sin sgoinneil!

Tidsear: 'S e do bheatha. Mar sin leat, a Sheòrais!

Seòras: Mar sin leibh.



George is very excited about his day at sea – despite the early start! The next day his mum is waiting for him when he returns from his long day...

Màthair: Hallò, m' eudail.

Seòras: Obh, obh! Hai, a Mham.

Màthair: An robh latha math agad?

Seòras: Gu dearbh, cha robh latha math agam!

Màthair: Carson? Tha iasgach a' còrdadh riut.

Seòras: Tha iasgach a' còrdadh rium ach chan eil bàtaichean a' còrdadh rium idir! Ò, chan eil mi gu math.

Màthair: Dè tha ceàrr ort?

Seòras: Tha mi tinn. Bha cur na mara orm agus bha mi a' cur a-mach.

Màthair: Obh, obh!

Seòras: Cha bhi mi ag iarraidh obair air bàta nuair a tha mi nas sine.

Màthair: Ò, uill. Suidh sìos. Tha dinnear deiseil.

Seòras: Chan eil mi ag iarraidh dinnear. Chan eil an t-acras orm.

Màthair: Siuthad! Bidh thu nas fheàrr an dèidh biadh.

Seòras: Hmm ... dè th' ann?

Màthair: Iasg agus sliseagan.

Seòras: Iasg? Chan eil mi ag iarraidh iasg. Tha mise a' dol dhan leabaidh.

Màthair: Ach...

Facian Feumail

greis-obrach
an cidhe

work experience
the pier



Bruidhinn

21. Greis-obrach

- Bidh thu fhèin a' falbh air greis-obrach.
- Bruidhinn ri do charaid.
- Càit a bheil thu ag iarraidh obair?
- Carson?

Your school is going to organise work experience for you. Where would you like to work? Why? Discuss with your partner/group.

Bidh mi ag obair aig taigh-bidh
anns a' bhaile. Bidh mi ag obair
còmhla ri neach-frithealaidh
agus còcaire.



Tha thu deiseil de Mhodal 2 Aonad 1

'S math a rinn thu!

Now check your success list to see how you are getting on.

- An urrainn dhut na leanas a dhèanamh?
- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- Dèan measadh air a chèile.

Check that you can do the following. Test yourself with a partner.



'S urrainn dhomh / I can:

- Name a range of jobs in Gaelic
- Ask where someone works
- Say where someone works
- Ask what someone does at work
- Say what someone does at work
- Ask when someone starts/finishes work
- Say when someone starts/finishes work
- Say that someone will be doing something
- Say that someone will not be doing something
- Say that I will go somewhere

Faclan is Abairtean

**female *polite/plural

Obraichean

bancair
bèicear
bùidsear
clachair
cleasaiche
craoladair
ficlair
gruagaire
manaidsear
neach-frithealaidh
neach-lagha
peantair
post
sagart
saighdear
saor
seinneadair
tidsear

Càit am bi thu/sibh ag obair?*

A bheil an t-airgead math?
Tha/chan eil an t-airgead math.
Bidh mi a' faighinn ... a h-uile seachdain.
a-muigh
Am bi...?
Bidh.
Cha bhi.
Am bi thu/sibh ag obair?*Bidh mi ag obair.
Cha bhi mi ag obair.
Bidh mi a' bruidhinn ri daoine.
Bidh mi a' tòiseachadh aig...
Bidh mi deiseil aig...
aig an taigh
air an TBh
ann am banca
ann am bùth a' bhùidseir
ann am factaraidh
ann an oifis a' phuist
ann an oifis mhòr
ann an sgoil-àraich
ann an stèisean rèidio
ann an stiùidio

Jobs

banker
baker
butcher
builder
actor
broadcaster
dentist
hairdresser
manager
waiter/waitress
lawyer
painter
postman/woman
priest
soldier
joiner
singer
teacher

Where do you work?

Is the money good?
The money is/isn't good.
I get ... every week.
outside
Will ... be?
Yes, ... will be. (in answer to Am bi...?)
No, ... will not be. (in answer to Am bi...?)
Do you work?/Will you be working?
I work/I will be working.
I don't work/I will not be working.
I talk to people.
I start at...
I finish at...
at home
on the TV
in a bank
in a butcher's shop
in a factory
in a post office
in a big office
in a nursery school
in a radio station
in a studio

le airgead
 le falt
 greis-obrach, a' ghreis-obrach (f)
 leabharlann, an leabharlann (m)
 a' dèanamh rudan
 a' dèanamh rannsachadh
 a' dràibheadh
 a' frithealadh
 a' glanadh
 a' teagasg eachdraidh
 còmhla ri clann
 còmhla ri daoine
 Cuin a bhios tu/sibh a' tòiseachadh?
 Cuin a bhios tu/sibh deiseil?
 Dè bhios tu/sibh a' dèanamh?
 nuair a tha mi nas sine
 Tha mi ag iarraidh obair air bàta.

Thèid mi...

dhan
 dhan bhaile
 dhan bhanca
 dhan bhùth
 dhan chafaidh
 dhan chèilidh
 dhan chidhe
 dhan chlub-òigridh
 dhan cholaiste
 dhan dotair
 dhan eaglais
 dhan fhactaraidh
 dhan fhiacclair
 dhan gharaidh
 dhan leabaidh
 dhan leabharlann
 dhan oifis
 dhan phàirc
 dhan sgoil
 dhan stèisean
 dhan taigh-bidh
 dhan taigh-dhealbh

Eile

clann, a' chlann (f)
 Lionsaidh
 MacArtair/NicArtair**
 ro ghoirid

with money
 with hair
 work experience, the work experience
 library
 making things
 doing research/a survey
 driving
 serving
 cleaning
 teaching history
 with children
 with people
 When do you start?
 When do you finish?
 What do you do?
 when I am older
 I want a job on a boat.

I will go/I go...

to the
 to the town/village
 to the bank
 to the shop
 to the café
 to the ceilidh
 to the pier
 to the youth club
 to college
 to the doctor
 to the church
 to the factory
 to the dentist
 to the garage
 to bed
 to the library
 to the office
 to the park
 to the school
 to the station
 to the restaurant
 to the cinema

Other

children, the children
 Lynsey
 MacArthur
 too short



Sùil air ais



Sgrìobh

Sùil air ais 1 Dè an obair a th' aca?

- Leugh na seantansan Beurla.
- Dè an obair a th' aca?
- Sgrìobh ann an Gàidhlig.

Solve the clues to find the jobs. Write in Gaelic. Watch your spelling!

1. This person is an expert in making cakes and bread.
2. This person spends his working life on a stage or on the big screen.
3. Fancy a new hairstyle? This person is an expert with the scissors.
4. Join the army to become one of these.
5. This person works with wood.
6. You need a good voice to make a career as one of these.
7. This person might spend his/her day going round houses in a red van or on a bicycle.
8. Call one of these to have your house re-decorated.
9. This person is the boss of a shop or a bank.
10. This person works in the media – on television or radio.





Sùil air ais 2 Dè bhios iad a' dèanamh?

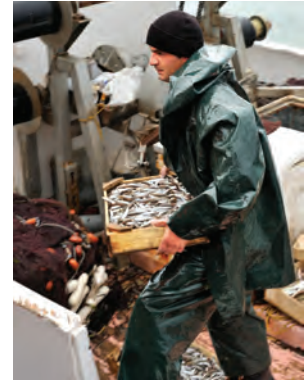
- Dè an obair a th' aca?
- Dè bhios iad a' dèanamh?
- Cuir dealbh agus faclan còmhla.
- Sgrìobh na seantansan ann an Gàidhlig agus Beurla.
- Chaidh eisimpleir a dhèanamh dhut.

What jobs do these people have? What do they do at work? Match each picture to a sentence below. Write the sentences in Gaelic and in English. An example has been done for you.

Mar eisimpleir:

'S e iasgair a th' annam. Bidh mi ag obair air bàta.

I am a fisherman. I work on a boat.



1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



6.



7.



8.



a. Bidh mi ag obair ann am bùth a' bhùidseir.

b. Bidh mi ag obair le airgead.

h. Bidh mi a' bruidhinn ri daoine agus ag obair ann an oifis.

c. Bidh mi ag obair a-muigh.

d. Bidh mi a' frithealadh dhaoine, a' dèanamh tì agus cofaidh agus a' glanadh.

g. Bidh mi ag obair ann an eaglais.

e. Bidh mi ag obair ann an stiùidio ann an stèisean rèidio.

f. Bidh mi ag obair còmhla ri clann, a' teagasg Saidheans.



Sùil air ais 3 Càit an tèid iad?

- Leugh na seantansan.
- Càit an tèid na daoine?
- Carson?
- Sgrìobh ann an Gàidhlig agus Beurla.

Read the sentences. Match where each person is going to the reason why. Write the information in sentences in Gaelic and English. An example has been done for you.

Mar eisimpleir: Thèid Fionnlagh dhan bhanca. Tha e ag iarraidh airgead.

Finlay will go to the bank. He wants money.

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1. Thèid Pòl dhan dotair an-diugh. | a. Bidh i a' ceannach preasant. |
| 2. Thèid Marsaili dhan chafaidh. | b. Chan eil e gu math. |
| 3. Thèid Eilidh dhan gharaidh an-diugh. | c. Tha an dèideadh oirre. |
| 4. Thèid Crìsdean dhan leabaidh tràth. | d. Tha am pathadh oirre. |
| 5. Thèid Flòraidh dhan bhùth. | e. Bidh e a' seinn. |
| 6. Thèid Ailean dhan leabharlann. | f. Bidh e a' gabhail dinnear. |
| 7. Thèid Siùsaidh dhan fhiaclair. | g. Tha i ag iarraidh càr. |
| 8. Thèid Dùghlas dhan taigh-bìdh. | h. Tha e uabhasach sgìth. |
| 9. Thèid Cairistìona dhan phàirc. | i. Tha e ag iarraidh leabhar. |
| 10. Thèid Donnchadh dhan chèilidh. | j. Bidh i a' cluich iomain. |



Sùil air ais 4 Sradag (1)

- Tha Màiri-Ceit a' bruidhinn ris an iris Sradag.
- Tha i a' bruidhinn air obair.
- Leugh an earrann.
- Freagair na ceistean.

Mary Kate is talking to the teenage magazine **Sradag** about her part-time job. Read the article and answer the questions.



Dè an t-ainm a th' ort?

Is mise Màiri-Ceit NicNèill.

Dè an aois a tha thu?

Tha mi sia-deug.

Dè an obair a th' agad?

'S e neach-frithealaidh agus còcaire a th' annam.

Càit am bi thu ag obair?

Bidh mi ag obair ann an taigh-bìdh. 'S e Gabriella's an t-ainm a th' air agus bidh iad a' dèanamh piotsa agus pasta. Is fìor thoigh leam piotsa!

Dè bhios tu a' dèanamh?

Mar as trice, bidh mi a' frithealadh ach uaireannan bidh mi a' còcaireachd agus tha sin a' còrdadh rium. Is toigh leam daoine ach

tha còcaireachd nas fheàrr. Bidh mi a' dèanamh piotsa, sailead agus mhilsean. Tha am piotsa Americana uabhasach blasta. Tha tomàto, càise agus isbeanan air.

Cuin a bhios tu a' tòiseachadh?

Dihaoine, bidh mi a' tòiseachadh aig sia uairean feasgar agus Disathairne bidh mi a' tòiseachadh aig aon uair deug anns a' mhadainn.

Cuin a bhios tu deiseil?

Bidh mi deiseil aig deich uairean feasgar Dihaoine agus trì uairean Disathairne.

A bheil an obair a' còrdadh riut?

Tha gu dearbh.

Carson?

'S toigh leam còcaireachd agus tha am manaidsear laghach.

A bheil an t-airgead math?

Tha, tha e glè mhath.

Dè bhios tu a' faighinn a h-uile seachdain?

Bidh mi a' faighinn ceathrad not a h-uile seachdain.

Dè an obair a tha thu ag iarraidh nuair a tha thu nas sine?

Thèid mi dhan cholaiste. Tha mi ag iarraidh obair còmhla ri clann ann an sgoil-àraich.

Ceistean

1. What two jobs does Mary Kate do when she works at Gabriella's?
2. What kind of food does Gabriella's serve?
3. Which of the two jobs does she:
 - a. do most often?
 - b. prefer?
4. Name two of the three things Mary Kate makes at work.
5. Which three toppings are on the Americana?
6. How many hours does Mary Kate work
 - a. on Fridays?
 - b. on Saturdays?
7. How much does she earn per hour?
8. What two reasons does she give for enjoying her job?
9. What does she plan to do when she is older?



Sradag (2)

- Èist ri Donnchadh. (Earrann 12)
- Tha Donnchadh a' dèanamh podcast airson Sradag.
- Tha e a' bruidhinn mu obair.
- Coimhead air na ceistean.
- Freagair na ceistean.

Listen to Duncan. Duncan is doing a podcast for the website of **Sradag** magazine. He is talking about his part-time job. Takes notes. Write as much information as you can. You don't have to write in sentences. The headings below should help you.



Name
Age
Work
Where?
What do you do?
When do you start?
When do you finish?
Do you enjoy the work?
Why?
Is the pay good?
What do you get each week?
What work would you like when you are older?



Bruidhinn



Èist



Sgrìobh



Cultar



Obair

Sradag (3)

- Èist ris na ceistean. (Earrann 13)
- Tha Sradag ag iarraidh bruidhinn riutsa mu obair.
- Clàraich no sgrìobh do fhreagairtean.

Sradag magazine wants you to do a podcast or an article about your job. If you choose to do a podcast, you should speak/record your answers. If you choose to do an article, you should write your answers.

Ag obair ann an saoghal na Gàidhlig

- Leugh an earrann.

Read the extract.

Tònaidh Kearney

Tha Tònaidh Kearney ainmeil ann an Alba. 'S e cleasaiche agus craoladair a th' ann. Bidh e a' cluich Scott Ualas anns a' phrògram *River City* air BBC a h-aon. Fhuair e an obair ann an 2002. Tha na daoine a' fuireach ann an Shieldinch ann an Glaschu.

Am bi thu a' coimhead *River City*?

Bidh *River City* air an TBh a h-uile Dimàirt. Bidh e a' tòiseachadh aig ochd uairean feasgar agus bidh e deiseil aig naoi. Bidh e air a-rithist Là na Sàbaid. Siuthad! Thoir sùil air!

Eachdraidh

Rugadh Tònaidh ann an Sruighlea agus tha an teaghlach aige a' fuireach ann am Barraigh. Tha e a-nis a' fuireach ann an Glaschu. Tha Gàidhlig aig Tònaidh agus bidh e a' dèanamh prògraman Gàidhlig cuideachd. Bha e air *Machair, Ran Dan, Colin and Cumberland, A gu U am faca tu?* agus tòrr eile.



Obair 1

- Coimhead air an fhilm. (Earrann bhidio 1)
- Tha Tònaidh a' bruidhinn mu obair.
- A bheil thu a' tuigsinn?
- Bruidhinn ri do charaid mu obair Thònaidh.

Look at the film clip. Tony is talking about his work. Talk to your partner about what you learned.

- Leugh an earrann.

Read the extract.

Kirsteen NicDhòmhnaill

'S e craoladair a th' ann an Kirsteen NicDhòmhnaill. Bidh i ag obair air an TBh. Bidh i ag aithris na sìde air *An Là* air BBC Alba. Bidh *An Là* a' tòiseachadh aig ochd uairean a h-uile feasgar. Bidh i cuideachd a' leughadh nan naidheachdan a h-uile Là na Sàbaid air a' phrògram *Seachd Là*. Tha sin a' tòiseachadh aig leth-uair an dèidh sia feasgar. Fhuair i an obair seo ann an 2008.



'S e seinneadair a th' innte cuideachd. Tha i uabhasach math air seinn ann an Gàidhlig. Fhuair i Am Bonn Òir aig a' Mhòd ann an 2006 agus Bonn Òir an t-Seann Nòis ann an 2008. 'S math a rinn i! Tha CD aice anns na bùthan. 'S e *A' Chiad Sealladh* an t-ainm a th' air. Siuthad! Èist ri Kirsteen a' seinn!

Eachdraidh

Rugadh Kirsteen ann an Inbhir Nis ach tha i a-nis a' fuireach agus ag obair ann an Glaschu. Chaidh i gu Bun-sgoil a' Mheadhain agus Acadamaidh Allt a' Mhuilinn. Bha i an uair sin aig colaiste Sabhal Mòr Ostaig airson trì bliadhna.

An dèidh sin, bha i ag obair air a' phrògram *Dè a-nis?* Bha i cuideachd ag obair air na naidheachdan air Radio nan Gàidheal.

ag aithris na sìde reporting the weather

Chaidh i She went

na naidheachdan the news

Bun-sgoil a' Mheadhain Central Primary

Am Bonn Òir The Gold Medal

Acadamaidh Allt a' Mhuilinn Millburn Academy

Bonn Òir an t-Seann Nòis The Traditional Gold Medal



Obair 2

- Coimhead air an fhilm. (Earrann bhidio 2)
- Tha Kirsteen a' bruidhinn mu h-obair.
- A bheil thu a' tuigsinn?
- Bruidhinn ri do charaid mu obair Kirsteen.

Look at the film clip. Kirsteen is talking about her work. Talk to your partner about what you learned.



Faigh fios

- A bheil thu ag iarraidh barrachd fiosrachaidh mu obraichean Gàidhlig?
- Coimhead air an eadar-lìon.

Do you want to find out more about work in Gaelic? Look online for more information.



Different hobbies/pastimes

Say what you like most/least

Say what you are able/unable to do

Say what you prefer

Dè na cur-seachadan a th' agad?

Cànan:

Dè na cur-seachadan a th' agad?

Is fheàrr leam... /Is lugha orm...

An urrainn dhut...? 'S urrainn dhomh.../Chan urrainn dhomh...



In Ceumannan 1, you learned to talk about the hobbies and activities you enjoy. That vocabulary will be useful to you again in this unit. You may need to have a look back over Ceumannan 1 Modal 4 Aonad 2.



Sùil air ais 1a A bheil cuimhn' agad?

- Dè na faclan is abairtean a th' agad air cur-seachadan?
- Dèan liosta no craobh cuimhne.



What words and phrases can you remember on the topic of hobbies/pastimes? Make a list of everything you can remember. Your teacher may set a stopwatch for between two and five minutes. If it helps, make a memory tree.



Sùil air ais 1b Liostaichean

- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- Coimhead air na liostaichean.
- A bheil cuimhn' agad air gach facal?

With your partner, compare lists. If your partner has something written that you don't remember or understand, ask him/her to explain it to you.



2a. Deuchainn bheag

- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- A bheil cuimhn' agad air na h-abairtean seo?
- Cuir Beurla orra.

Work with a partner/group. Can you remember what these mean? Translate into English. You don't need to write them.

- Dè na cur-seachadan as toigh leat?
- An toigh leat iomain?
- A bheil leughadh a' còrdadh riut?
- Cha toigh leam snàmh.
- Chan eil marcachd a' còrdadh rium.
- Is beag orm rugbaidh.





2b. Deuchainn bheag eile

- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- A bheil cuimhn' agad air na h-abairtean seo?
- Cuir Gàidhlig orra.

Work with a partner/group. Can you remember what these mean? Translate into Gaelic. You don't need to write them.

- I like watching the TV.
- I enjoy listening to music.
- I don't like fishing.
- I don't enjoy drama.
- I hate dancing.

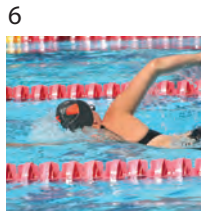


3a. An toigh leat...?

- Èist ris a' chlas. (Earrann 1)
- Tha iad a' dèanamh rannsachadh air cur-seachadan.
- Coimhead air na dealbhan.
- Dè an cur-seachad a th' ann?
- Chaidh eisimpleir a dhèanamh dhut.

The pupils in the class are doing a survey about hobbies. Listen to them. Look at the pictures. What hobby is it? An example has been done for you.

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j
6									





3b. Dè do bheachd air?

- Èist ris an earrainn a-rithist. (Earrann 1)
- Coimhead air na dealbhan a-rithist.
- Dè am beachd a th' aig daoine air na cur-seachadan?
- Lion an clàr.
- Chaidh eisimpleir a dhèanamh dhut.

Listen to the extract again. What do the pupils think of the hobbies/pastimes? Complete the table. An example has been done for you.

	Ainm/Name	Cur-seachad/Hobby	Beachd/Opinion
a.	Lorna	Swimming	Fed up of it
b.			
c.			
d.			
e.			
f.			
g.			
h.			
i.			
j.			





Bruidhinn

4. Dè na cur-seachadan as toigh leat fhèin?

- Obraich ann am buidheann.
- Bruidhinn ri do charaidean.
- Dè am beachd a th' aca air cur-seachadan?

Work in a group. Talk to your partners. What are their opinions on hobbies?



Leugh

5. Is beag orm ruith!

- Tha an clas a' sgrìobhadh mu chur-seachadan.
- Leugh na beachdan.
- Sgrìobh gach beachd ann am Beurla.

The class is writing about hobbies. Read the opinions. Write each opinion in English.

	Ainm/Name	Beachd/Opinion
a.	Lucy	Is fìor thoigh leam spòrs. Tha ruith math, ach tha snàmh nas fheàrr.
b.	Anndra	Is lugha orm dannsa. Cha toigh leam ceòl pop idir.
c.	Màrtainn	Chan eil ball-coise doirbh idir. Tha mi math air agus tha mi ann an sgioba na sgoile.
d.	Anna	Tha seinn a' còrdadh rium. Bidh mi a' seinn aig a' Mhòd san Dàmhair.
e.	Ailean	Tha rugbaidh math ach tha iomain nas fheàrr. Tha gèam agam Disathairne anns a' Ghearasdan.
f.	Karen	Tha each agam agus is fìor thoigh leam marcachd.
g.	Jaleel	Tha taigh-bìdh aig mo phàrantan ach cha toigh leam còcaireachd idir. Is lugha orm i.



6. Cur-seachadan: mo bheachdan

- Dè as toigh leat fhèin?
- Dè nach toigh leat?
- Sgrìobh do bheachdan air diofar chur-seachadan.
- Cleachd gach abairt.
- Cleachd na dealbhan beaga.

What are your own likes and dislikes? Write your opinion of different hobbies. Use all the phrases below. Use the icons to illustrate each opinion.



An toigh leat...?



Is fìor thoigh leam



Is toigh leam



Ceart gu leòr



Cha toigh leam



Is lugha orm



7. Cur-seachadan eile

- Èist ris an earrainn. (Earrann 2)
- Tha daoine a' bruidhinn mu chur-seachadan eile.
- Coimhead air na dealbhan.
- Dè na cur-seachadan a th' aca?

Listen to the extract. You will hear people talking about hobbies. Look at the pictures. What are their hobbies?

a.



b.



c.



d.



e.



f.



g.



h.



i.



j.



k.



l.



Cur-seachadan eile



teanas



sèoladh



falbh air baidhsagal



falbh air bòrd-spèilidh



sgitheadh



spèileadh



snucair



dannsa Gàidhealach



lùth-chleasan



falbh air cuad



coimhead air an eadar-lìon



coiseachd-monaidh



8. Dè na cur-seachadan a th' agad?

- Èist ris an earrainn. (Earrann 3)
- Tha na daoine a' bruidhinn mu chur-seachadan.
- Dè na cur-seachadan?
- Dè am beachd a th' aca air na cur-seachadan?
- Lìon an clàr.

Listen to the extract. The people are talking about hobbies. Which hobbies are mentioned? What opinions are given? Complete the table.

	Ainm/ Name	Cur-seachadan/hobbies	Beachdan/opinions
a.	Charles		
b.	Peggy		
c.	Neil		
d.	Christine		
e.	Duncan		



9. Is fìor thoigh leam lùth-chleasan!

- Leugh mu na daoine seo.
- Tha iad a' bruidhinn mu chur-seachadan.
- Dè na beachdan a th' aca?
- Sgrìobh an clàr.
- Sgrìobh ann am Beurla.
- Chaidh eisimpleir a dhèanamh dhut.

Read about these people. They are talking about hobbies. What are their opinions? Complete the table in English. An example has been done for you.



Beachd/ Opinion	David: Hobbies	Kirsty: Hobbies
😊😊		
😊	Athletics	
😐		
😞		
😞😞		Hillwalking

Is toigh leam lùth-chleasan. Tha mi math air spòrs anns an sgoil. Is fìor thoigh leam ruith, teanas agus falbh air baidhsagal cuideachd. Tha ball-coise agus iomain ceart gu leòr ach chan eil mi cho math orra. Cha toigh leam snucair no coimhead an TBh. Is lugha orm Coronation Street!

Daibhidh

Is lugha orm coiseachd-monaidh. Chan eil i inntinneach idir! Is fìor thoigh leam spèileadh agus dannsa Gàidhealach agus is toigh leam bruidhinn ri mo charaidean agus èisteachd ri ceòl cuideachd. Bidh mi uaireannan a' coimhead air an eadar-lìon agus tha sin ceart gu leòr.

Ciorstaidh



10. Cur-seachadan: mo bheachdan

- Sgrìobh paragraf air cur-seachadan a-nis.
- Dè do bheachd air na cur-seachadan agad fhèin?
- Faodaidh tu am fiosrachadh a sgrìobhadh ann an seantansan no ann an clàr.

Now write a little about your opinions of some hobbies. You may write the information in sentences or in a table like David and Kirsty have done.

Mar seo:

no:

<input type="radio"/> Is fìor thoigh leam...
<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>

Beachd	Cur-seachadan
😊😊	
😊	
😐	
😞	Dannsa Gàidhealach
😞😞	



11. Dè do bheachd fhèin?

- Obraich còmhla ri caraid no ann am buidheann.
- Bruidhinn mu chur-seachadan.
- Dè na beachdan a th' aig a h-uile duine air diofar chur-seachadan?
- Faodaidh tu ceistean a chur orra mu na beachdan a th' aca.
- Sgrìobh na chanas iad ann am Beurla.
- Dèan clàr den fhiosrachadh.

Work with a partner or with a group. Talk about hobbies. What are their opinions on different hobbies? You may also want to ask them questions about why they have certain opinions. Make some notes in English about what they say. When you have finished, you can make a table of the information.





12. Is urrainn dhomh seinn

- Èist ris na daoine seo. (Earrann 4)
- Dè as urrainn dhaibh a dhèanamh?
- Dè nach urrainn dhaibh a dhèanamh?

Listen to these people. What can they do? What can they not do?



13. An urrainn dhut ionnsramaid a chluich?

- Èist ris na daoine. (Earrann 5)
- An urrainn dhaibh ionnsramaid a chluich?
- Coimhead air na dealbhan.
- Dè an ionnsramaid?

Listen to the people. Can they play musical instruments? Which instrument can they play?



ceum cànan: language step

To ask if someone can do something, you say:

An urrainn dhut...? or **An urrainn dhuibh...?** (polite/plural) followed by whatever activity you want to know about.

An urrainn dhut seinn? Can you sing?

You may answer simply: **Is urrainn.** Yes, I can.

Chan urrainn. No, I can't

To say that you are able to do something, you say:

Is urrainn dhomh... followed by the thing you can do.

To say that you are not able to do something, you say:

Chan urrainn dhomh... followed by the thing you can't do.

Mar eisimpleir:

Is urrainn dhomh sgitheadh.

I can ski.

Chan urrainn dhomh spèileadh.

I can't ice skate.

Is urrainn dhomh iomain a chluich.

I can play shinty.

Chan urrainn dhomh teanas a chluich.

I can't play tennis.

Ionnsramaidean

am piàno



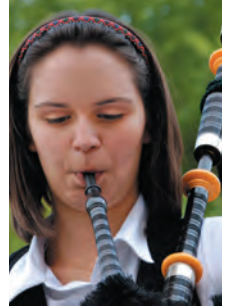
an fhidheall



am meur-chlàr



a' phìob



na drumaichean



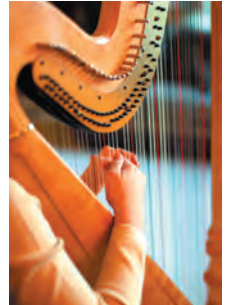
an giotàr



am bogsa



a' chlàrsach



14. Is urrainn dhomh piàna a chluich

- Èist ris na daoine. (Earrann 6)
- An urrainn dhaibh ionnsramaid a chluich?
- Dè an ionnsramaid?
- Lion an clàr.

Listen to the people. Can they play musical instruments? Which instruments can they play? Complete the table.

	Ainm/Name	Ionnsramaid/ Instrument
a.	Anne	
b.		Keyboard
c.	Margaret	
d.		Pipes
e.		
f.		Harp
g.	Jane	
h.	William	





15. An urrainn dhut...?

- Obraich còmhla ri do charaid(ean).
- Coimhead air na dealbhan.
- Gabh turas mu seach.
- An urrainn dhaibh gach rud a dhèanamh?

Look at the pictures. Talk to your partner(s). Can they do each of these things? Take turn about.

Mar eisimpleir:





16a. Is urrainn dhomh marcachd

- Leugh mu na daoine.
- Tha iad a’ bruidhinn air cur-seachadan.
- Dè as urrainn dhaibh a dhèanamh?
- Maids an dealbh ceart ri gach duine.

Read about the people below. They are talking about hobbies. What can each person do? Match each picture with the correct person. You may match more than one picture to each person.

1

Is urrainn dhomh marcachd. Tha each agam. ‘S e Eachann an t-ainm a th’ air. Tha e mòr, donn agus uabhasach math air ruith! Is toigh leam spòrs. Tha lùth-chleasan ceart gu leòr ach tha snàmh nas fheàrr. Chan urrainn dhomh ionnsramaid a chluich. Chan eil mi math air ceòl idir agus chan urrainn dhomh dannsa. Is lugha orm ceòl pop.

Alana, Peairt

2

Is toigh leam èisteachd ri ceòl. Is urrainn dhomh am bogsa a chluich. Chan eil mi uabhasach math air, ach tha e a’ còrdadh rium. The mi math air spòrs. Is fìor thoigh leam iomain agus tha teanas math cuideachd. Bidh mi fhèin agus mo phiuthar a’ dol gu club teanas a h-uile Disathairne.

Fionnlagh, Glaschu

3

Is fìor thoigh leam seòladh ach chan urrainn dhomh snàmh! Tha bàta aig m’ athair agus bidh sinn a’ dol a-mach a h-uile Disathairne. Bidh sinn uaireannan a’ seòladh dhan Oban. Cha toigh leam geamannan coimpiutair no coimhead an TBh. Is urrainn dhomh am piàna a chluich agus is urrainn dhomh seinn. Bidh mi a’ seinn ann an còisir Ghàidhlig. Tha mi math air dannsa Gàidhealach cuideachd.

Eilidh, Muile

4

Is urrainn dhomh an giotàr agus na drummaichean a chluich. Tha mi ann an còmhlan agus bidh sinn a’ cluich ceòl rock. Tha geamannan coimpiutair, coimhead air an eadar-lìon agus ball-coise a’ còrdadh rium ach is fìor thoigh leam falbh air cuad. Tha cuad aig m’ athair. ‘S e croitear a th’ ann. Bidh mi fhèin ag obair air a’ chroit uaireannan cuideachd.

Niall, Barraigh

a.



b.



c.



d.



e.



f.



Dealbh/ picture	
1	
2	
3	
4	



16b. Tha cuad aig m' athair

- Leugh na h-earrannan a-rithist.
- Freagair na ceistean.
- Freagair ann am Beurla.

Read the passages again. Answer the questions in English.

1. Which sports does Alana mention?
2. Which two things can she not do?
3. Which sport does Finlay really like?
4. Who plays tennis with him?
5. Why do you think sailing is an unusual choice of hobby for Helen?
6. Who goes sailing with her?
7. Where do they sometimes go?
8. What does she say she is good at?
9. Name one activity Neil enjoys.
10. Which activity does he like best?



16c. Faclan Gàidhlig

- Leugh na h-earrannan a-rithist.
- Lorg na h-abairtean/faclan seo.
- Sgrìobh na h-abairtean/faclan ann an Gàidhlig.

Read the extracts again. Find the words/phrases in the extracts. Write the words/phrases in Gaelic.

- a. a band
- b. every Saturday
- c. Gaelic choir
- d. sometimes
- e. I hate
- f. crofter
- g. I enjoy it
- h. also
- i. ok
- j. or





Bruidhinn

17. An urrainn dhut spèileadh?

- Dèan rannsachadh anns a' chlas.
- Tagh ceist no dhà.
- Dè as urrainn do dhaoine a dhèanamh?
- Faighnich dhan tidsear cuideachd.
- Dèan clàr.

Do a survey of your class. Ask one or two questions. What can people do? Include your teacher in your survey too. Record your results in a table.

An urrainn dhut/dhuibh spèileadh?

Ainm	Is urrainn	Chan urrainn
Sine	✓	
Daibhidh		✗
Mgr MacLeòid	✓	



ceum cànan: language step

You already know how to say that you like/don't like certain things and why. You could use some of these phrases and other phrases you have learned to give a bit more detail about the things you can and can't do.

Mar eisimpleir:

'S urrainn dhomh còcaireachd. Is fìor thoigh leam i agus tha mi math oirre!

I can cook. I really like it and I'm good at it!

Chan urrainn dhomh sgitheadh. Tha e doirbh.

I can't ski. It is difficult.

Is urrainn dhomh a' chlàrsach a chluich. Tha i furasta.

I can play the harp. It's easy.

Is urrainn dhomh am meur-chlàr a chluich. Tha mi ann an còmhlan.

Bidh mi a' seinn cuideachd.

I can play the keyboard. I'm in a band. I sing too.



18a. Chan urrainn dhomh sgitheadh

- Leugh mu Iain agus Màiri.
- Dè as urrainn dhaibh a dhèanamh?
- Dè nach urrainn dhaibh a dhèanamh?
- Lion na beàrnan.
- Chaidh eisimpleir a dhèanamh dhut.

Read about John and Mary. What can and can't they do? Fill in the blanks. An example has been done for you.



Hai. Is mise Màiri Robasdan. Disathairne, bidh mi a' cluich aig fèis. Is urrainn dhomh piàna agus clàrsach a chluich. Is fìor thoigh leam ceòl. Tha e furasta agus tha e a' còrdadh rium. Bidh mi a' cluich ann an còmhlan.

Ach, chan eil mi cho math air spòrs. Is toigh le mo phiuthar sgitheadh agus spèileadh ach chan urrainn dhòmhsa rudan mar sin a dhèanamh. Tha e ro dhoirbh. Aon turas, bha mi a' sgitheadh ach thuit mi agus bha mo chas briste. Tha an t-eagal orm a-nise.



Hallò. Iain MacIlllòsa an seo. Air an deireadh sheachdain, is toigh leam a bhith a-muigh. Chan urrainn dhomh fuireach a-staigh idir. Tha bàta aig m' athair agus bidh mi a' dol a-mach còmhla ri m' athair agus mo sheanair. Is urrainn dhomh seòladh agus iasgach agus nuair a bhios latha math ann, bidh mi a' snàmh cuideachd. Tha gràin agam air an sgoil – chan urrainn dhomh Ceòl no Ealain a dhèanamh agus chan eil mi a' tuigsinn Matamataig. Ach, tha mi coma. Tha seòladh fada nas fheàrr.

Màiri

Hi. I'm Mary Robertson. On _____, I will be _____ at a festival. I can play the _____ and the _____. I really like _____. It's _____ and I _____. It. I play in a _____. But, I'm not so good at _____. My _____ likes _____ and _____ but I _____ do things like that. It's too _____. Once, I was _____ but I _____ and I _____ my leg. I'm _____ now.

Iain

Hello. John _____ here. At the _____, I _____ being outside. I _____ stay in at all. My father has a _____ and I go out along with my father and my _____. I _____ sail and _____ and when it's a good day, I _____ too. I _____ school. I _____ do Music or _____ and I don't _____ Maths. But I don't _____. Sailing is far _____.



18b. Liostaichean

- Leugh na cur-seachadan anns a’ bhogsa.
- Dè as urrainn dhut fhèin a dhèanamh?
- Dè nach urrainn dhut a dhèanamh?
- Lion an clàr.
- Sgrìobh còig rudan anns gach colbh.

Read the list of hobbies in the box below. What can you do? What can't you do? Complete the table. Write at least five activities in each column.



Cur-seachadan

Is urrainn dhomh.../Chan urrainn dhomh...

còcaireachd
ruith
sèoladh
falbh air baidhsagal
spèileadh
na drumaichean a chluich
a’ chlàrsach a chluich
am bogsa a chluich
iomain a chluich
geamannan coimpiutair a chluich

dannsa
seinn
marcachd
falbh air cuad
teanas a chluich
am piàna a chluich
an giotàr a chluich
a’ phiob a sheinn
rugbaidh a chluich
teanas a chluich

iasgach
snàmh
sgitheadh
falbh air bòrd-spèilidh
dannsa Gàidhealach
an fhidheall a chluich
am meur-chlàr a chluich
ball-coise a chluich
snucair a chluich

Is urrainn dhomh...	Chan urrainn dhomh...
seinn	dannsa



18c. Chan urrainn dhomh seòladh

- Tagh còig cur-seachadan bhon liosta agad.
- Sgrìobh seantans no dhà airson gach cur-seachad.
- Dèan dealbh airson gach seantans.

Choose five activities from your list. Write a sentence or two about each activity. Draw a picture for each activity.

Mar eisimpleir:

Chan urrainn dhomh seòladh. Cha toigh leam an t-uisge agus bidh cur na mara orm.

I can't sail. I don't like the water and I get seasick.



19a. Abair seachdain thrang!

- Sgrìobh leabhar-latha.
- Tagh trì gu còig làithean anns an t-seachdain.
- Inns dè bhios tu a' dèanamh air na làithean sin.
- Sgrìobh cuin a bhios tu a' dèanamh gach rud.
- Sgrìobh do bheachd air gach rud.
- Chaidh eisimpleir a dhèanamh dhut.

Write a diary showing what activities you have planned for the week. Choose three to five days in the week. Write which activities you have planned for the week. Write what time you will be doing each activity. Write your opinion of each activity. Here is an example of a few days to help you get started.

Diardaoin 17 An t-Sultain	Dihaoine 18 An t-Sultain	Disathairne 19 An t-Sultain
<p>Fidheall Ceithir uairean Tha seo ceart gu leòr. 😊</p> <p>Obair-dachaigh Sia uairean Is lugha orm seo. 😞</p>	<p>Club-òigridh Anns an talla Ochd uairean feasgar Bidh mi a' cluich snucair agus a' bruidhinn ri mo charaidean. Is toigh leam seo. 😊</p>	<p>Ag obair Anns a' chafaidh Deich uairean anns a' mhadainn gu meadhan-latha Tha seo a' còrdadh rium. 😊</p> <p>Spèileadh Dà uair feasgar Is fìor thoigh leam seo! Tha mi math air. 😊😊</p>





19b. Planaichean

- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- Coimhead air an leabhar-latha agad.
- Bruidhinn ri do charaid mu na planaichean agad.
- Tagh rudeigin còmhla.
- An urrainn dhut a dhol ann còmhla ri do charaid?

Look at your diary. Speak to your partner about your plans. Is your partner busy every day? Choose something on the list you could do together. Can your partner go?



20. Is fheàrr leam Beurla

- Èist ris na daoine seo. (Earrann 7)
- Dè as fheàrr leotha?

Listen to the people talking in the extract. What do they prefer?



21. 'S e Gàidhlig an cuspair as fheàrr leam

- Èist ris na daoine. (Earrann 8)
- Tha iad a' bruidhinn mu na rudan as fheàrr leotha.
- Dè as fheàrr leotha?
- A bheil gach seantans ceart no ceàrr?

Listen to these people. They are talking about their favourite things. What are they? Is each sentence true or false?

- Sarah's favourite colour is blue. **CEART/CEÀRR**
- Geography is Michael's favourite subject. **CEART/CEÀRR**
- Christine doesn't like curry. **CEART/CEÀRR**
- Vicky has to think carefully about her favourite day. **CEART/CEÀRR**
- Martin's favourite hobby is piping. **CEART/CEÀRR**
- Connor is thirsty. **CEART/CEÀRR**

ceum cànaìn: language step

If you want to find out what someone prefers, you ask:

Dè as fheàrr leat/leibh?

Dè as fheàrr leat? Còc, bainne no Irn Bru? What do you prefer? Coke, milk or Irn Bru?

To say what you prefer, you say:

Is fheàrr leam... followed by the thing you prefer.

Is fheàrr leam Irn Bru. I prefer Irn Bru.

Is toigh leam spèileadh ach is fheàrr leam sgitheadh. I like skating but I prefer skiing.

You may want to ask a more open question, without giving a choice:

Dè an cur-seachad as fheàrr leat? What is your favourite pastime?

Dè am biadh as fheàrr leibh? What is your favourite food?

To say that something is your favourite, you say:

Is e pìotsa am biadh as fheàrr leam. Pizza is my favourite food.

Is e gorm an dath as fheàrr leam. Blue is my favourite colour.



22a. Dè as fheàrr leat?

- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- Coimhead air an liosta gu h-ìseal.
- Dè as fheàrr leat?
- Dè as fheàrr le do charaid?

Work with a partner. Look at the list below. Ask your partner what he/she prefers from the choices. You should also try to make up some of your own questions. You could ask about bands, TV programmes, football teams, sweets – anything!

Mar eisimpleir:

Dè as fheàrr leat? Coimhead an TBh no èisteachd ri ceòl?

What do you prefer? Watching TV or listening to music?

Rugbaidh/ball-coise	baidhsagal/càr
Rangers/Celtic	seòclaid/measan
sùgh orainseir/còc	sliseagan/buntàta
Glaschu/Dùn Èideann	TBh/coimpiutair
Beurla/Gàidhlig	dearg/gorm



22b. Rugbaidh no ball-coise?

- Coimhead air an liosta a-rithist.
- Tagh sia pàidhrichean.
- Sgrìobh dè as fheàrr leat fhèin.
- Sgrìobh ann an seantansan.



Look at the list again. Choose six of the pairs above. Write which you prefer from each pair. Give reasons for your choices. Write in sentences.

Mar eisimpleir:

Rugbaidh/ball-coise: Is fheàrr leam rugbaidh. Chan eil ball-coise a' còrdadh rium.

ceum cànan: language step

You already know how to talk about your own likes, dislikes and favourites. If you want to talk about other people's likes and dislikes, it's easy! There are two little words you will need:

leis  and **leatha** 

Mar eisimpleir:

Is toigh leam spòrs.	I like sports.
Is toigh leis spòrs.	He likes sports.
Is toigh leatha spòrs.	She likes sports.
Is fìor thoigh leis teanas.	He really likes tennis.
Tha i math air snucair, ach is fheàrr leatha spèileadh.	She's good at snooker but she prefers skating.
Cha toigh leatha seinn.	She doesn't like singing.
Tha e math air Eaconamas Dachaigh ach is fheàrr leis Matamataig.	He is good at Home Economics but he prefers Maths.



Bruidhinn

23a. Rannsachadh

- Dèan rannsachadh anns a' chlas.
- Dè as fheàrr le daoine?
- Dèan clàr dhen fhiosrachadh.

Do some research in class. Find out what people prefer. Record the information.

Mar eisimpleir:

Ceist: Dè as fheàrr leat/leibh: iomain no ball-coise?		
Ainm	Iomain	Ball-coise
Anndra	✓	
Catriona		✓
Jennifer	✓	
Mgr Stiùbhart	✓	



Bruidhinn

23b. Facal bhon tidsear

- Obraich còmhla ris a' chlas.
- Coimhead air an rannsachadh.
- Cuiridh an tidsear ceistean air a' chlas.

Work as a class. Look at your survey. Your teacher will ask you some questions about your results. Be ready to tell him/her about some of the answers you got.





24a. Is fheàrr leam an sgiorta ghorm

- Èist ris na daoine seo. (Earrann 9)
- Dè as fheàrr leatha?
- Lion an clàr.

Listen to the people talking in the extract. What do they prefer? Complete the table.

	Ainm/Name	Dè as fheàrr leat?/What do you prefer?
a.	Helen	
b.	Alasdair	
c.	John	
d.	Mary	
e.	Gordon	
f.	Catherine	



24b. Dè as fheàrr leibh?

- Èist ris an earrainn a-rithist. (Earrann 9)
- Leugh na seantansan.
- Lion na beàrnan.

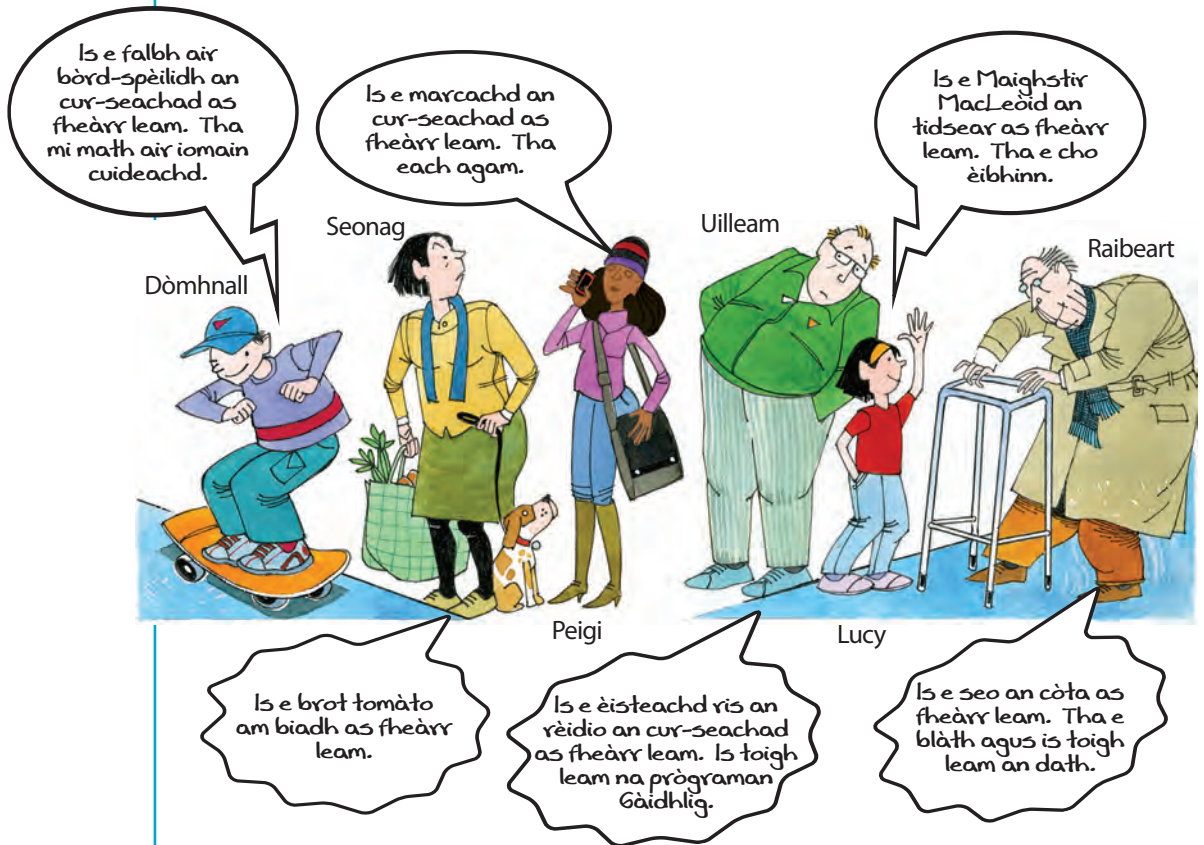
Listen to the extract again. Fill the blanks in the sentences below.

1. Helen's friend likes the _____.
2. Alasdair's teacher is called Miss _____.
3. John asks the waiter if he has any _____.
4. John's friend orders a _____ and _____ pizza.
5. Mary is _____ at skiing than she is at _____.
6. Gordon is not so _____ at playing the _____.
7. Catherine likes _____ but she is _____ at French.

25. Dè as fheàrr leat?

- Leugh mu na daoine seo.
- Dè as fheàrr leatha?
- Sgrìobh ann am Beurla.

Read about the people below. What are their favourite things? Write in English.



'S math a rinn thu!

- An urrainn dhut na leanas a dhèanamh?
- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- Dèan measadh air a chèile.

Check that you can do the following. Test yourself with a partner.



'S urrainn dhomh / I can:

- Name some hobbies/pastimes in Gaelic
- Give my opinion on some hobbies/pastimes
- Ask someone if he/she can do something
- Say that I am able/unable to do something
- Ask someone what he/she prefers
- Say what I prefer

Faclan is Abairtean

**polite/plural*

Beachdan

Is fìor thoigh leam...

Tha ... ceart gu leòr.

Is lugha orm...

Cur-seachadan

Dè na cur-seachadan a th' agad/agaibh?*

coimhead air an eadar-lìon

coiseachd-monaidh (f)

dannsa Gàidhealach (m)

falbh air baidhsagal

falbh air bòrd-spèilidh

falbh air cuad

lùth-chleasan

sèoladh (m)

sgitheadh (m)

snucair (m)

spèileadh (m)

teanas (m)

An urrainn dhut...?

An urrainn dhut a dhol...?

Is urrainn.

Chan urrainn.

Is urrainn dhomh sgitheadh.

Chan urrainn dhomh spèileadh.

An urrainn dhut/dhuibh ionnsramaid a chluich?*

Is urrainn dhomh ... a chluich.

Chan urrainn dhomh ... a chluich.

Is urrainn dhomh a' phìob a sheinn.

Chan urrainn dhomh càil a chluich.

Chì mi a-rithist thu!

Chì mi Disathairne thu!

bogsa, am bogsa (m)

clàrsach, a' chlàrsach (f)

drumaichean, na drumaichean

fidheall, an fhidheall (f)

giotàr, an giotàr (m)

ionnsramaid, an ionnsramaid (f)

na h-ionnsramaidean

meur-chlàr, am meur-chlàr (m)

piàna, am piàna (m)

pìob, a' phìob (f)

Opinions

I really like...

... is OK

I hate...

Hobbies

What are your hobbies?

surfing the net

hillwalking

highland dancing

cycling

skateboarding

quad biking

athletics

sailing

skiing

snooker

ice skating

tennis

Can you...?

Can you go...?

Yes, ...can. (in answer to An urrainn...?)

No, ...can't. (in answer to An urrainn...?)

I can ski.

I can't ice skate.

Can you play an instrument?

I can play...

I can't play...

I can play the pipes.

I can't play anything.

I'll see you later!

I'll see you on Saturday!

accordion, the accordion

harp, the harp

drums, the drums

fiddle, the fiddle

guitar, the guitar

instrument, the instrument

the instruments

keyboard, the keyboard

piano, the piano

bagpipes, the bagpipes

còmhlán, an còmhlán (m)
club teanas, an club teanas
Dè as fheàrr leat/leibh?*

Is fheàrr leam...

Is fheàrr leis...

Is fheàrr leatha...

Dè am biadh as fheàrr leibh?*

Dè an cur-seachad as fheàrr leat?

Is e gorm an dath as fheàrr leam.

Is e marcachd an cur-seachad as fheàrr leam.

Is e piotsa am biadh as fheàrr leam.

Is toigh leis spòrs.

Is toigh leatha spòrs.

Tèrlach

band, the band
tennis club, the tennis club
What do you prefer?
I prefer...
He prefers...
She prefers...
What is your favourite food?
What is your favourite pastime?
Blue is my favourite colour.
Horse riding is my favourite hobby.
Pizza is my favourite food.
He likes sports.
She likes sports.
Charles



Sùil air ais 1 Cur-seachadan

- Dè na cur-seachadan a tha seo?
- Sgrìobh ann an Gàidhlig.

Solve the clues to find the correct hobbies. Write in Gaelic.

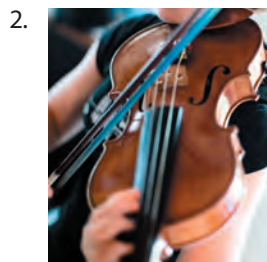
- If you are really good at this game you could end up playing at Wimbledon.
- You'll need hiking boots for this pastime.
- A fun four-wheel drive off-road hobby.
- The Sword Dance and the Highland Fling are well-known dances in this competitive hobby.
- A fast downhill winter sport.
- Wrap up warm and get your skates on!
- Get on your bike!
- Like surfing or snowboarding on wheels.
- Downloading, blogging, e-mailing, gaming and shopping can all be done in this pastime.

Sùil air ais 2 Is urrainn dhomh ionnsramaid a chluich

- Coimhead air na dealbhan.
- Leugh na seantansan.
- Maids dealbh ri seantans.
- Lion an clàr.

Look at the pictures. Read the sentences. Match each picture with the correct sentence. Complete the table.

1	2	3	4	5	6



- Is urrainn dhomh a' phìob a sheinn ach chan urrainn dhomh na drumaichean a chluich.
- Is urrainn dhomh am meur-chlàr a chluich. Chan urrainn dhomh càil eile a chluich.
- Is urrainn dhomh am bogsa a chluich agus is urrainn dhomh seinn cuideachd. Tha mo charaid Eilidh math air a' phìob. Tha sinn ann an còmhlan.
- Chan urrainn dhomh am meur-chlàr a chluich idir. Is urrainn dhomh an fhidheall a chluich.
- Is urrainn dhomh a' chlarsach a chluich. Bidh mo phiuthar a' cluich air a' phiàna.
- Chan urrainn dhomh am bogsa a chluich ach is urrainn dhomh na drumaichean a chluich. Tha mi math orra!



Sùil air ais 3 Is fheàrr leam Cruinn-eòlas

- Dè as fheàrr leat fhèin?
- Coimhead air na dealbhan.
- Sgrìobh seantans ag innse dè as fheàrr leat.
- Sgrìobh ann an Gàidhlig.

Which do you prefer? Look at the pictures below. Write a sentence saying which you prefer from each pair.

Mar eisimpleir:

Is fheàrr leam Eachdraidh.

- | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|----|--|---|
| a. |  |  | b. |  |  |
| c. |  |  | d. |  |  |
| e. |  |  | f. |  |  |
| g. |  |  | h. |  |  |
| i. |  |  | j. |  |  |



Sùil air ais 4 Leis no leatha?

- Leugh mu Mhàrtainn agus Sine.
- Lion na beàrnan anns na h-earrannan le faclan Gàidhlig.
- Sgrìobh na h-earrannan ann am Beurla cuideachd.

Read about Martin and Jane. Copy the paragraphs about Martin and Jane, filling in the blanks in Gaelic. Write the paragraphs in English.



Seo Màrtainn. Is fìor thoigh leis



agus




Is toigh leis  cuideachd. Chan eil e

math air



agus is lugha air



Is e  an cur-seachad as fheàrr _____.

Bidh e a'




a h-uile latha.



Seo Sine. Is e  an cur-seachad as fheàrr

_____. Is fìor thoigh leatha



cuideachd. Bidh i a' dol gu  a h-uile Diardaoin.

Chan eil



no



a' còrdadh ri Sine idir. Cha d' fhiach iad.



Sùil air ais 5a An consairt-sgoile

- Èist ri Mgr MacDhòmhnail a' bruidhinn ris a' chlas. (Earrann 10)
- Tha consairt-sgoile ann Dihaoine.
- Dè as urrainn dhaibh a dhèanamh?
- Dèan liosta.

Class 2B is taking part in a fundraising concert at school. The Gaelic teacher, Mr MacDonald, is finding out who can play, dance and sing at the concert. Listen to him talking to the class. What can they do? Make a list.

Mar eisimpleir:

Helen – accordion

David – pipes...



Sùil air ais 5b Postair

- Dèan postair airson a' chonsairt.
- Càit a bheil e?
- Cuin?
- Cò tha a' cluich?
- Dè a' phris a tha e?
- A bheil fiosrachadh eile ann?

Make up a poster for the concert. Your poster should show where the concert is to be held, the date and time, what entertainment will be on offer, how much it costs and any other information.





Sùil air ais 6 Is toigh leam seòladh

- Leugh na seantansan.
- Lion na beàrnan.
- Tagh na faclan bhon bhogsa.
- Sgrìobh ann am Beurla.

Read the sentences. Fill the blanks with the words from the box below. Translate into English.

- Is urrainn _____ teanas a chluich. Tha e a' còrdadh _____.
- _____ dhomh a dhol dhan chonsairt Dihaoine. Tha mi duilich.
- Is _____ orm lùth-_____. Chan eil mi math air spòrs.
- Is fìor thoigh leam falbh air _____ - _____.
- Is toigh leam seòladh ach is fheàrr _____ sgitheadh.
- A bheil thu trang a-nochd? _____ urrainn _____ a dhol dhan chlub-òigridh?



Faclan

chleasan	An	Chan	dhomh
rium	lugha	urrainn	dhut
leam		bòrd-spèilidh	





Geamaichean Gàidhealach

Geamaichean Gàidhealach



Highland Games (**Geamaichean Gàidhealach**) have been a feature of Scotland's summer calendar for well over a hundred years. In Scotland, Highland Games take place from mid June to the end of August. At most games, you will see the three events that make these gatherings unique – Highland dancing, piping and the heavy athletic competitions such as hammer throwing and tossing the caber. Other events that may be included are shinty, tug of war, hill races, track and field athletics and even sheep shearing and sheepdog trials.

Beagan eachdraidh

Oral tradition tells us that games were once held by clan chiefs who wanted to find the best warriors in the clan. The first recorded sporting event was a hill race that took place during the reign of King Malcolm Canmore in the 11th Century. The King wanted to find the fastest runners with the greatest stamina to be his personal messengers and so he arranged a race up Creag Choinnich (a local hill). Because there was no postal service or modern technology in those days, important news or messages would have to be relayed by men on foot who would run huge distances to deliver the information. Messengers would not only have to be super fit, they would also need to have a very good memory. Most messengers would be unable to read or write, so they would have had to learn the message off by heart. Next time you text or e-mail your friends, imagine having to run all the way to their houses with the message instead!

From these early beginnings, the Highland Games became a social gathering – an occasion when widely scattered clan members could gather to exchange news and take part in competitive events. They were also places where neighbouring clans could meet and compete in friendly rivalry.

Geamaichean Gàidhealach – Against the law!

In 1746, shortly after the Battle of Culloden, the British government introduced The Act of Proscription. This was a set of laws that made it illegal for Scottish people to carry weapons, wear the kilt or play the bagpipes. Public gatherings were also banned. The Act meant that holding an event like Highland Games would be against the law. It wasn't until 1782 that the Act of Proscription was removed. That year the St. Fillan's Society organised a full-scale Highland Games. For the first time in decades, the Sword Dance (previously considered a war dance) was included with the dancing, piping and athletic events.

Geamaichean Gàidhealach ann an Alba

The Cowal Games, or the Cowal Gathering as the event is officially known, began in 1894. Billed as the world's biggest Highland Games, this annual event, held near Dunoon every August, boasts more than 3,500 competitors and between ten and fifteen thousand spectators. Athletes, pipe bands, solo pipers and dancers come from all corners of the globe to compete at this famous event.

Geamaichean Gàidhealach thall thairis

Although Highland Games are most commonly associated with Scotland, they have become something of a worldwide phenomenon – taking place in America, Canada, Australia and New Zealand. Scottish sports were taken to these countries by people who emigrated from Scotland.



Sealan Nuadh

The first recorded overseas Highland Games were held in the village of Turakina near Wanganui in New Zealand in 1848.



Astràilia

The Geelong Highland Gathering was first held in 1857 in Victoria, Australia.



Canada

The first Highland Games in Canada took place in Antigonish, Nova Scotia in 1863.



Ameireaga

The Caledonian Club of San Francisco, California held its annual Highland Games in 1866 and they are still running to this day.



Obair

Obair

- Coimhead air an eadar-lìon.
- Lorg Geamaichean Gàidhealach ann an dùthaich sam bith.
- Dèan postair.

Search online for a Highland Games which you would like to attend anywhere in the world. Make a poster in Gaelic for the Games you have chosen.

Include:

- ✓ Date(s)
- ✓ Time
- ✓ Where the games are held
- ✓ Events
- ✓ Price
- ✓ Any other information

When you have finished, show your poster to your partner. Ask them some questions based on the information you have written. Display your poster on the classroom wall.



Iomain: Spòrs nan Gaisgeach

The Scottish game of Shinty (iomain or camanachd in Gaelic) is one of the oldest games in the world. It is similar to games like hurling, hockey, lacrosse and ice hockey and is very popular in the Highlands and Gaelic speaking areas of Scotland. It is played in the Scottish cities too, historically by Highlanders who have settled there for work and study, but now by many who had no previous connections with the Highlands or the sport.

It is a fast moving, skilful game thought to have originally been brought to Scotland by the Celts, and so could be more than two thousand years old. It is rumoured that it was once used as an exercise for battle by Celtic warriors. This is no surprise as it's not a sport for the unfit or faint-hearted! Unlike hockey, players are allowed to swing their stick (camán) above shoulder height. The ball can be played in the air and the player can use both sides of the stick. Players certainly need their wits about them to avoid injury.

Traditionally, special shinty matches would be played on New Year's Day. Whole villages would gather to watch one village play another. Sometimes over a hundred men would play in each team. Traditional matches like this are still played every year in some villages in the Highlands.

In terms of success, close rivals and neighbours Kingussie and Newtonmore are the sport's most successful teams. Fort William, Oban Camanachd, Kyles Athletic and Inveraray are also regular contenders for the Camanachd Cup and, in 1990, there were major celebrations in Portree when Skye took the cup home. In 2005, Kingussie were so dominant in shinty that they appeared in the Guinness Book of Records as the world's most successful team – in any sport! 'S math a rinn Cinn a' Ghiùthsach!

Iomain air an TBh

Shinty is now enjoying far better media coverage and people who have never attended a match before can watch all the action on TV. The stars of the shinty pitch are fast becoming household names.



Obair 1 Spòrs nan Gaisgeach

- Freagair na ceistean.

Answer the questions.

- What other sports are similar to shinty?
- Where is it most popular?
- What is said about shinty in the cities?
- Who are believed to be responsible for introducing the sport to Scotland?
- What was thought to be the original purpose of shinty?
- In what way is the game different from hockey?
- Explain what would traditionally happen on New Year's Day.
- Why are many more people now familiar with the game and the rules?



An robh fios agad?

Although iomain is a Scottish sport, it has been and still is played outside Scotland. In Victorian times it was widely played in England. Shinty clubs in England were generally made up of Highlanders living south of the border and were funded by rich Scottish nobles who poured money into their teams to hire the best players – just like today's Premiership managers do.

Nottingham Forest FC was originally formed by shinty players and both Manchester United and Chelsea's grounds, Old Trafford and Stamford Bridge, were regularly used as shinty venues. Stamford Bridge played host to the Shinty World Cup in 1898 – where Beaulieu was victorious over a London team. Teams from Cumberland, Yorkshire, Lancashire, Cheshire, Nottingham and Lincoln also competed. Through time, shinty became less common in England and nowadays only one club remains south of the border – London Camanachd.

Today, you can find shinty being played on the other side of the Atlantic. California is home to the American equivalent of Scotland's Camanachd Association – US Camanachd. Shinty is believed to be at the root of the development of ice hockey in North America, brought to Canada and America by emigrants from the Highlands. In Canada, informal hockey games are still called "shinny".

Shinty?

Why is the game called shinty? Although not proven, it has been suggested that players would be overheard shouting "Sin thu!" and "Sin e!" to their team mates during the game and so the sport became known in English as shinty.



Obair 2 An robh fios agad?

- Freagair na ceistean.

Answer the questions.

- Explain why shinty was once so popular in England.
- Name the English Premiership football ground that was established by shinty players.
- Where was the Shinty World Cup held in 1898?
- Who won?
- Name the only remaining shinty club in England.
- Where else, outside the UK, will you find shinty being played?
- What is the name given to informal ice hockey games in Canada? Why does this give you a clue as to where the game came from?





Obair 3 Fiosrachadh mun ghèam

Fiosrachadh mun ghèam

Bidh dà sgioba a' cluich air a' phàirc.
Bidh dà chluicheadair dheug anns gach sgioba.
Bidh gèam a' dol airson naochad mionaid.
Bidh iad a' cluich le ball agus caman.
Bidh an seusan a' tòiseachadh anns a' Mhàrt.
Bidh e deiseil anns an t-Sultain.
Bidh an sgioba camanachd as fheàrr ann an Alba a' faighinn Cupa na Camanachd.

- Leugh an earrann anns a' bhogsa.
- Freagair na ceistean.

Read the information box about the game. Answer the questions.

- a. How many players are there in each team?
- b. How long does a match last?
- c. What equipment do you need to play?
- d. When does the shinty season start?
- e. When does it finish?
- f. What trophy does the best team in Scotland win?



Faigh fios

- Am faca tu gèam iomain?
- A bheil club camanachd faisg ort?
- A bheil thu ag iarraidh gèam iomain?
- Siuthadaibh!

Have you ever watched a shinty match? Find out if there is a camanachd club near where you live. Perhaps someone could come in to talk to you about the game or get a club started for you. Go for it!



Modal 2 Aonad 1 agus 2

'S urrainn dhomh/I can

Name some jobs

Ask where someone works

Say where someone works

Ask what someone does at work

Say what people do at work

Ask when something starts

Ask when something finishes

Say that someone will be doing something

Say that someone will not be doing something

Ask if someone will go somewhere

Say that I will/won't go somewhere

Name some hobbies/pastimes

Say that I really like something

Say that I hate something

Say that something is OK

Say that I can do something

Say that I can't do something

Ask if someone can do something

Say that I prefer something

Ask what someone prefers

bùidsear, clachair, gruagaire, sagart...

Càit am bi thu/sibh ag obair?

Bidh e/i ag obair ann am factaraidh, banca...

Dè bhios tu/sibh a' dèanamh?

Bidh e/i ag obair le clann, le airgead, a-muigh...

Cuin a tha/bhios ... a' tòiseachadh?

Cuin a tha/bhios ... deiseil?

Bidh lain a' cluich ball-coise a-màireach.

Cha bhi lain a' cluich iomain a-màireach.

An tèid thu dhan taigh-dhealbh, chafaidh...?

Thèid/cha tèid mi dhan stèisean, bhùth, chèilidh, chlub-òigridh...

spèileadh, teanas, sgitheadh, lùth-chleasan, snuair, seòladh, dannsa Gàidhealach...

Is fìor thoigh leam...

Is lugha orm...

Tha ... ceart gu leòr.

Is urrainn dhomh an giotàr a chluich.

Chan urrainn dhomh seinn.

An urrainn dhut sgitheadh?

Is fheàrr leam Irn Bru.

Dè as fheàrr leat/leibh: còc no Irn Bru?

I have learned

a little about some famous Gaels who use Gaelic at work

Actor Tony Kearney, TV presenter Kirsteen MacDonald

a little about Highland Games

once held by clan chiefs to find best warriors, held in summer in Scotland. Events: piping, dancing, heavy athletics

a little about shinty

contact sport common in Gaelic Scotland, brought to Scotland by Celts

to use the future tense of the irregular verb to go

An tèid...? Thèid/cha tèid



Ceum a bharrachd 1a

Seachdain thrang

- Obraich còmhla ri caraid.
- Leugh an còmhradh.
- Tha Coinneach agus Lionsaidh a' dol dhan taigh-dhealbh.

Work with a partner. Read the conversation between Kenneth and Lynsey. They are going to the cinema.

- Coinneach:** Tha film math aig an taigh-dhealbh an-dràsta.
- Lionsaidh:** Tha fhios agam. Chunnaic mi postair.
- Coinneach:** An tèid sinn ann?
- Lionsaidh:** Thèid.
- Coinneach:** Cuin?
- Lionsaidh:** Hmm. Fuirich mionaid! Bheir mi sùil nam phlanair. Is urrainn dhomh a dhol ann Diardaoin. An urrainn dhutsa a dhol ann Diardaoin?
- Coinneach:** Chan urrainn. Bidh mi ag obair. An urrainn dhut a dhol ann Dimàirt?
- Lionsaidh:** Chan urrainn. Tha mi duilich. Bidh mi a' dol gu piàna feasgar Dimàirt. Disathairne?
- Coinneach:** Chan urrainn. Bidh mi a' seòladh a h-uile Disathairne. A bheil thu trang Diciadain?
- Lionsaidh:** Tha, tha eagal orm. Bidh mise agus mo phiuthar a' dol a-mach gu dinnear. Tha co-là-breith aig mo phiuthar.
- Coinneach:** Uill, an urrainn dhut a dhol ann Dihaoine?
- Lionsaidh:** Chan urrainn. Tha consairt ann Dihaoine anns an talla agus bidh mi a' cluich piàna.
- Coinneach:** Obh obh! Tha thu cho trang!
- Lionsaidh:** Chan eil mi trang Là na Sàbaid no Diluain. Is urrainn dhomh a dhol ann an uair sin.
- Coinneach:** Glè mhath. Chan eil mise trang an uair sin. Is urrainn dhòmhsa a dhol ann cuideachd.
- Lionsaidh:** Dè as fheàrr leat? Là na Sàbaid no Diluain?
- Coinneach:** Is fheàrr leam Diluain. Uaireannan, bidh obair-dachaigh agam Là na Sàbaid.
- Lionsaidh:** Glè mhath. Cuin a tha am film a' tòiseachadh?
- Coinneach:** Aig leth-uair an dèidh seachd.
- Lionsaidh:** Sgoinneil! Chì mi Diluain thu, aig an taigh-dhealbh.
- Coinneach:** Chì. Mar sin leat an-dràsta!
- Lionsaidh:** Mar sin leat!



Ceum a bharrachd 1b Planaichean

- Leugh an earrann a-rithist.
- Dè tha Coinneach agus Lionsaidh a’ dèanamh gach latha?
- Lion an clàr.

Read the passage again. What are Kenneth and Lynsey doing each day? Complete the table.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Lynsey							
Kenneth							



Ceum a bharrachd 1c Bheir mi sùil

- Leugh an earrann a-rithist.
- Freagair na ceistean.
- Sgrìobh ann am Beurla.

Answer the questions in English.

1. On which two days are they both free?
2. On which day do they decide to go out?
3. What reason does Kenneth give for choosing this day?
4. What time does the film start?



Ceum a bharrachd 1d Abairtean

- Leugh an còmhradh a-rithist.
- Lorg na h-abairtean seo ann an Gàidhlig

Read the conversation again. Find the following phrases in Gaelic.



so busy	I saw	fantastic	I'm afraid	I'll have a look
sometimes	going out	Will we go?	I'm sorry	I know



Ceum a bharrachd 2a An urrainn dhut tighinn?

- Tha Calum a’ cur post-d thugad.
- Tha seachdain thrang aig Calum agus aig Ceitidh.
- Dè tha e ag ràdh?
- Sgrìobh am post-d ann am Beurla.

Calum has sent you an e-mail. He is telling you about his plans for the week. He and Katie have busy social lives. Write the e-mail in English.

Gu:**Bho:** Calum**Cuspair:** Seachdain thrang!**Deit:** Diluain 15 am Màrt

Hai! Calum an seo. Dè tha dol? 'S fhada bhon uair sin. Bha mi ag obair an-diugh. 'S e neach-bùtha a th' annam ann am bùth spòrs anns a' bhaile. Dè tha thu a' dèanamh anns an sgoil an-dràsta? An urrainn dhut Matamataig a dhèanamh? Chan eil mise math air Matamataig idir. Is lugha orm e ach tha an tidsear laghach. Is urrainn dhomh fhìn agus Ceitidh a dhol dhan chafaidh Diluain. An urrainn dhut fhèin a dhol ann cuideachd? Bidh Ceitidh a' snàmh Dimàirt, a' dol gu partaidh Diciadain agus a' dannsa aig consairt Dihaoine. Bidh mi fhìn ag obair madainn Disathairne anns a' bhùth agus a' cluich teanas aig cairteal an dèidh trì feasgar. Abair seachdain thrang! An urrainn dhut tighinn Diluain ma-thà? Leth-uair an dèidh ceithir aig a' chafaidh. Cuir teacs gu Ceitidh no cuir post-d air ais. Tha am fòn agamsa air chall!



Le dùrachd,

Calum



Ceum a bharrachd 2b Am post-d

- Sgrìobh post-d gu Calum.
- Freagair na ceistean aige.
- Dè bhios tu a' dèanamh air an t-seachdain seo?
- An urrainn dhut a dhol dhan chafaidh?

Write a reply to Calum. Answer his questions and tell him what you're going to be doing this week. Can you meet him on Monday? Use as much new vocabulary as possible.



Ceum a bharrachd 3 Is e snàmh an cur-seachad as fheàrr leam

- Èist ri Mairead. (Earrann 11)
- Tha ceistean aice.
- Dè na rudan as fheàrr leat?
- Freagair na ceistean.
- Sgrìobh no bruidhinn.

Listen to Margaret. She has questions for you about your favourite things. Answer her questions. You may either write your answers or speak them.

Mar eisimpleir:

- | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Mairead: | Dè am biadh as fheàrr leat? | What is your favourite food? |
| Thusa: | Is e pìotsa am biadh as fheàrr leam. | My favourite food is pizza. |





An dàrna leabhar ann an cùrsa ùr do luchd-ionnsachaidh na Gàidhlig san àrd-sgoil.

Tha an cùrsa stèidhichte air a' Churraicealam airson Sàr-mhathais.

Gheibhear obair leudachaidh agus fiosrachadh eile mun chùrsa air-loidhne aig www.storlann.co.uk/ceumannan

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